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HSBC Holdings plc

Overseas Regulatory Announcement

The attached announcement has been released to the other stock exchanges on which HSBC Holdings plc is listed.

The Board of Directors of HSBC Holdings plc as at the date of this announcement comprises: Mark Edward Tucker*, Noel Paul Quinn, Geraldine Joyce Buckingham[†], Rachel Duan[†], Georges Bahjat Elhedery, Dame Carolyn Julie Fairbairn[†], James Anthony Forese[†], Ann Frances Godbehere[†], Steven Craig Guggenheimer[†], Dr José Antonio Meade Kuribreña[†], Kalpana Jaisingh Morparia[†], Eileen K Murray[†], Brendan Robert Nelson[†], David Thomas Nish[†] and Swee Lian Teo[†].

* Non-executive Group Chairman

[†] Independent non-executive Director

Hong Kong Stock Code: 5



30 April 2024

HSBC HOLDINGS PLC 1Q 2024 WEBCAST PRESENTATION

HSBC will be holding a webcast presentation today for investors and analysts. The speakers will be Noel Quinn (Group Chief Executive) and Georges Elhedery (Group Chief Financial Officer).

A copy of the presentation to investors and analysts is attached and is also available to view and download at <u>https://www.hsbc.com/investors/results-and-announcements/all-reporting/group</u>.

Full details of how to access the webcast presentation appear below and can also be found at <u>www.hsbc.com/investors/results-and-announcements</u>.

Time: 7.45am (London); 2.45pm (Hong Kong); and 2.45am (New York).

Webcast:

https://hsbc.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_TE30I5JzQkS_1LWNmS57sg#/registration

Replay access details from 30 April 2024 10.00am BST - 31 May 2024 11.00am BST:

Please find replay details here: https://www.hsbc.com/investors/results-and-announcements

Note to editors:

HSBC Holdings plc

HSBC Holdings plc, the parent company of HSBC, is headquartered in London. HSBC serves customers worldwide from offices in 62 countries and territories. With assets of US\$3,001bn at 31 March 2024, HSBC is one of the world's largest banking and financial services organisations.

ends/all

HSBC Holdings plc 1024 Results

Presentation to Investors and Analysts



1024 Results

Georges Elhedery Group Chief Financial Officer



Summary

3

\$12.7bn PBT, down \$(0.3)bn vs. 1Q23 **\$9.0bn PBT excluding notable items**, down \$(0.4)bn vs. 1Q23

26.1% reported RoTE¹

16.4% RoTE excluding notable items¹

\$2bn buyback completed (\$9bn completed since YE22)

1.2bn of shares repurchased since 1 January 2023 (6% of YE22 share count)

\$8.8bn of further distributions announced:

- **\$0.10** ordinary DPS
- **\$0.21** special DPS
- Up to \$3bn share buyback
- 5 Reconfirming FY24 guidance, including a mid-teens RoTE excluding notable items and approximately (5)% cost growth vs. FY23 on a target basis²

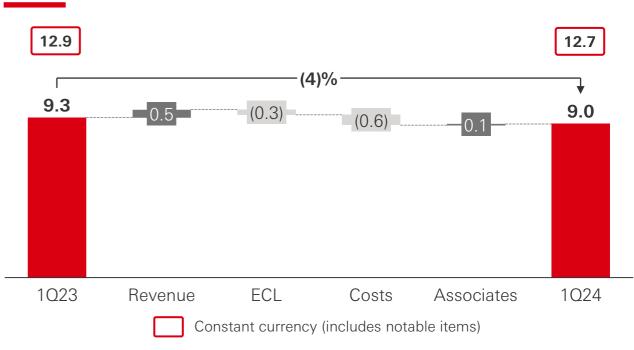
Unless otherwise stated, this presentation is presented on a constant currency basis. • denotes a measure shown on a reported FX basis. In this presentation, % changes relating to ECLs and costs in () represent adverse movements. Figures throughout this presentation may be subject to rounding adjustments and may not sum precisely to totals given in charts, tables or commentary

Financial performance

| Constant currency, \$bn | 1023 | 1024 | Δ, \$ | Δ, % |
|--|-------|-------|----------|-----------|
| Revenue | 20.2 | 20.8 | 0.5 | 3 % |
| ECL | (0.4) | (0.7) | (0.3) | (68)% |
| Costs | (7.6) | (8.2) | (0.6) | (8)% |
| Associates | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 10 % |
| PBT | 12.9 | 12.7 | (0.3) | (2)% |
| Customer loans | 963 | 933 | (30) | (3)% |
| Customer deposits | 1,603 | 1,570 | (33) | (2)% |
| CET1 ratio, % ♦ | 14.7 | 15.2 | | 0.5ppts |
| Memo items: | | | | |
| Target basis costs ¹ | (7.4) | (7.9) | (0.5) | (7)% |
| Total notable items | 3.6 | 3.7 | 0.1 | 2 % |
| Reported FX basis ▶: | | | | |
| PAOS | 10.3 | 10.2 | (0.1) | (1)% |
| EPS, \$ | 0.52 | 0.54 | \$0.02 | 4 % |
| EPS excl. material notable items and related impacts, \$ | 0.36 | 0.34 | \$(0.02) | (6)% |
| DPS, \$ ² | 0.10 | 0.31 | \$0.21 | >100% |
| RoTE, % ³ | 27.4 | 26.1 | | (1.3)ppts |
| RoTE excl. notable items, % ³ | 18.4 | 16.4 | | (2.0)ppts |

- **\$12.7bn PBT** included \$3.7bn notable items, principally:
 - \$4.8bn gain on sale of Canada⁴
 - \$(1.1)bn impairment on classifying Argentina to held-for-sale
- \$9.0bn PBT excluding notable items, down \$(0.4)bn vs. 1Q23 as higher revenue was offset by higher costs and ECLs

PBT excluding notable items, \$bn



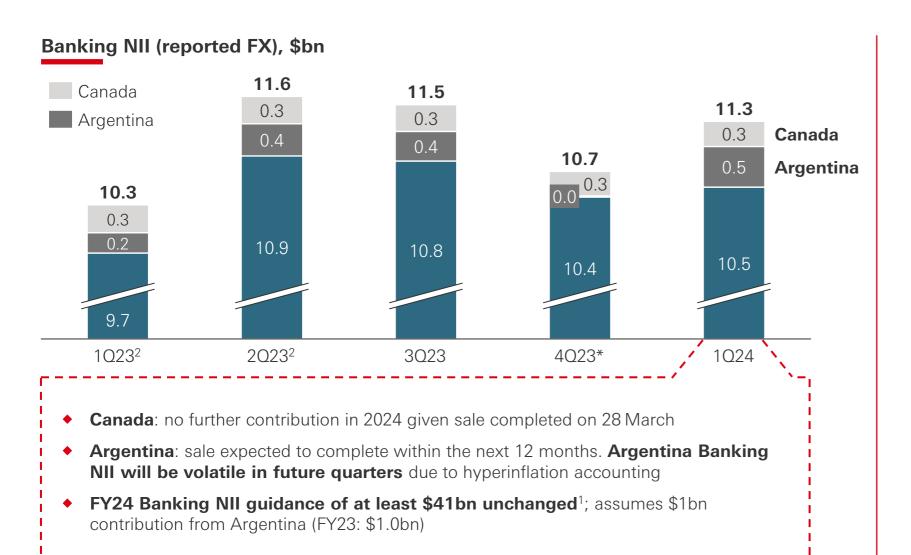
Revenue

\$20.8bn, up \$0.5bn vs. 1Q23, primarily Banking NII\$17.0bn excluding notable items, up \$0.5bn vs. 1Q23

| Constant currency, \$bn | 1023 | 1024 | Δ 1023 | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|--------|---|
| Revenue | 20.2 | 20.8 | 0.5 | Primarily: |
| Banking NII | 10.1 | 11.3 | 1.2 | \$(0.3)bn Argentina, excluding the \$(1.1)bn |
| Fee and other income | 10.1 | 9.5 | (0.7) | impairment • \$(0.2)bn Markets |
| o/w: Wholesale Transaction Banking | 2.9 | 2.6 | (0.3) | Treasury (favourable mark to market |
| o/w: Wealth | 1.6 | 1.8 | 0.2 | in 1Q23) |
| o/w: Other (includes notable items) | 5.7 | 5.1 | (0.6) | Partly offset by +\$0.1bn notable |
| <i>Aemo: revenue notable items</i> | 3.7 | 3.7 | 0.1 | items |

Banking NII

Stable run-rate QoQ; reconfirming at least \$41bn FY24 guidance¹



1024 vs. 4023

\$11.3bn Banking NII, up \$0.6bn, driven by:

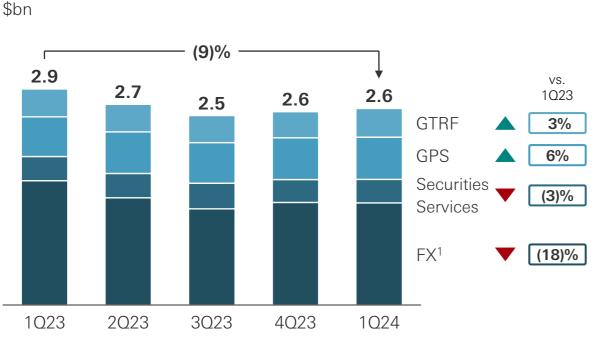
- \$0.5bn Argentina
- \$0.2bn non-recurrence of cash flow hedge reclassification*
- \$(0.1)bn impact of the disposal of our retail banking operations in France
- UK RFB broadly stable
- Down modestly in Hong Kong:
 - Lower average HKD rates (1m HIBOR down c.(60)bps)
 - Stable time deposits as a % of customer accounts

Appendix

Fee and other income: Wholesale Transaction Banking and Wealth

Strong growth in Wealth, particularly in Asia

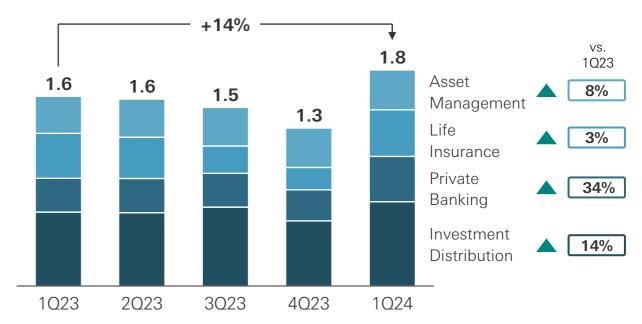
Wholesale Transaction Banking: down (9)%, primarily in FX



- **FX** down as 1023 benefited from higher market volatility
- **GPS** up due to increased client flows, including new mandates



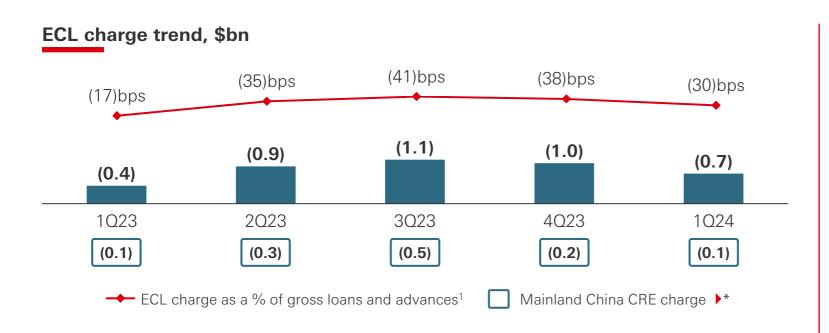
\$bn



- Private Banking up due to strong brokerage and trading in Asia
- Investment Distribution up due to strong sales of mutual funds, structured products and bonds across Asia
- \$27bn NNIA during the quarter (\$19bn Asia); \$1.2tn invested assets (up 4% vs. 4Q23 on a reported basis)
- \$0.8bn insurance new business CSM, up \$0.4bn vs. 1Q23, primarily in HK; global CSM balance of \$11.9bn, up \$1.1bn in the quarter

Credit performance

Stable; mainland China CRE charge immaterial



1024 ECL charge, \$bn

| | Stage 1-2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|-----------|-----------|---------|--------------------|
| Wholesale | (0.1) | (0.2) | (0.3) |
| Personal | (0.0) | (0.3) | (0.3) |
| Total | (0.1) | (0.5) | (0.7) [‡] |

• \$(0.7)bn 1Q24 ECL charge:

- \$(0.3)bn Wholesale; immaterial mainland China CRE charge
- \$(0.3)bn Personal, stable QoQ
- \$21.3bn stage 3 balances (2.3% of customer loans), up \$2.0bn / 0.3ppts vs. 4Q23 on a reported basis
- (30)bps ECL charge at 1Q24; reiterate ECL guidance of c.(40)bps for FY24¹

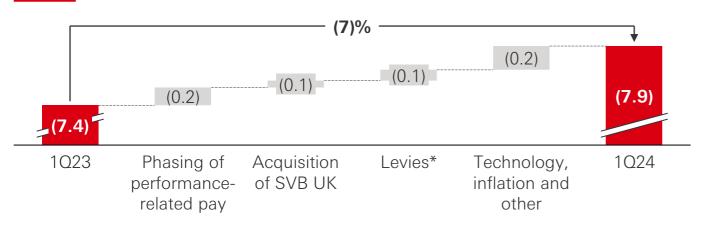
[‡] Total charge includes other instruments which are not classified as Wholesale or Personal

Costs

Reconfirming cost growth guidance of approximately (5)% vs. FY23¹

| \$bn | 1023 | 1024 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Constant currency costs | (7.6) | (8.2) |
| Less: notable items | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Add: impact of retranslating results of hyperinflationary economies at constant currency | (0.1) | _ |
| Less: Canada direct costs | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Less: France direct costs | 0.1 | _ |
| Target basis costs | (7.4) | (7.9) |

1024 vs. 1023 (target basis), \$bn

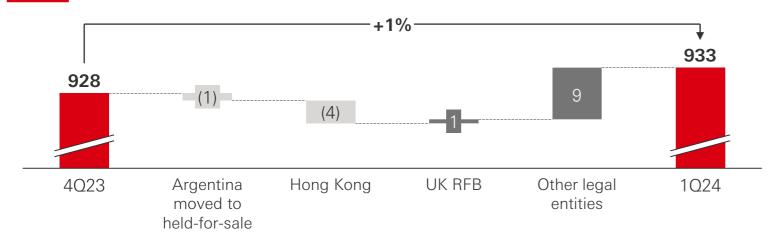


- Target basis costs up (7)%, of which:
 - (2)ppts from a change in the phasing of accrual for performance-related pay (PRP) relative to 2023
 - (1)ppt from the costs of HSBC Innovation Banking (SVB UK acquired in March 2023)
 - (1)ppt from incremental levies*
- While 1Q24 PRP accrual was higher than in 1Q23, our target basis cost guidance assumes PRP for FY24 to be broadly in line with FY23
- Reconfirming cost growth guidance of approximately (5)% vs. FY23 on a target basis¹ (FY23 baseline: \$(31.2)bn)

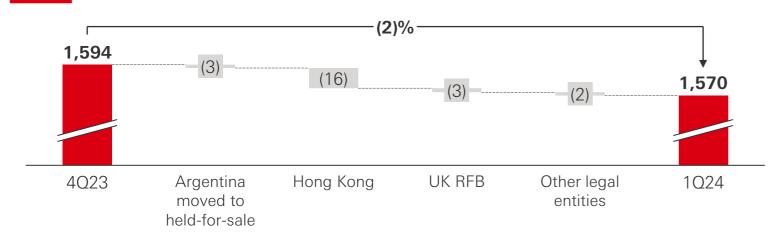
Customer loans and deposits

Broadly stable vs. 4023

Customer loans, \$bn



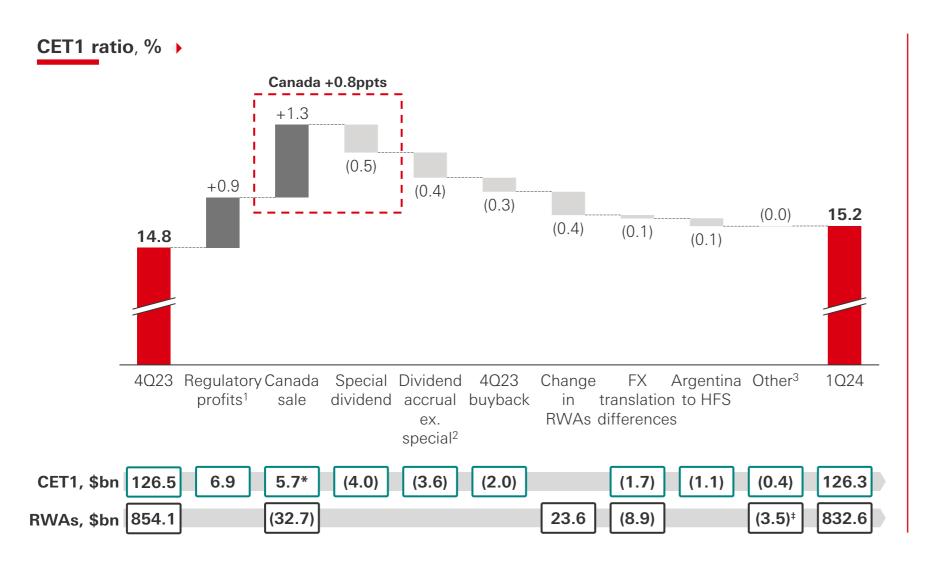
Customer deposits, \$bn



- Loans up \$5bn / 1%. Reductions in Hong Kong were offset by growth in other markets:
 - \$(4)bn Hong Kong, primarily Wholesale, due to lower market-wide demand
 - +\$1bn mortgage growth in the UK RFB
 - +\$9bn other entities, including: \$3bn Wholesale growth in HSBC Bank plc, \$3bn growth in the rest of Asia, \$1bn HSBC Middle East and \$1bn Mexico
- Deposits down \$(24)bn / (2)%, primarily in Wholesale, reflecting seasonality, our focus on margins and customer deleveraging:
 - \$(16)bn Hong Kong: \$(8)bn WPB, including migration from time deposits to Wealth products; \$(8)bn Wholesale
 - **\$(3)bn** UK RFB in CMB, reflecting seasonality
 - \$(2)bn other entities: \$(6)bn Wholesale reduction in the rest of Asia was partially offset by WPB growth in the region and Wholesale growth in HSBC Bank plc

Capital and distributions

Further \$8.8bn of capital distributions; CET1 ratio up 0.4ppts vs. 4Q23



- \$8.8bn further capital distributions:
 - Up to \$3bn share buyback announced (expected 2024 CET1 ratio impact c.(0.4)ppts)
 - \$0.10 ordinary DPS
 - \$0.21 special DPS
- **\$23.6bn change in RWAs**, primarily:
 - \$9bn lending and other asset growth
 - \$7bn asset quality, primarily in Asia
 - \$5bn market risk
- Argentina sale: recognition of FX reserve recycling loss on closing is expected to have no impact on CET1 or TNAV
- Intend to manage CET1 capital ratio in our 14-14.5% target range in the medium term

Outlook Reconfirming 2024 guidance

- RoTE in the mid-teens, excluding notable items
- **2** Banking NII of at least \$41bn¹
- **3** ECL charge of around (40)bps²
- 4 Cost growth of approximately (5)% vs. FY23 on a target basis³
- 50% dividend payout ratio, excluding material notable items and related impacts



Group guidance summary

| Banking NII | At least \$41bn in FY24 ¹ |
|----------------|--|
| ECL | FY24 ECL charge of around (40)bps ² ; through-the-cycle planning range of (30)-(40)bps ³ |
| Costs | Growth in FY24 of approximately (5)% vs. FY23 on a target basis, reflecting our current business plan for 2024. See slides 8 and 20 |
| Lending growth | Expect mid-single digit annual percentage growth over the medium to long term ³ ; expect demand to remain subdued in the near term ⁴ |
| RoTE | Targeting a mid-teens RoTE in 2024 , excluding notable items. Our guidance reflects our current outlook for the global macroeconomic environment, including customer and financial markets activity |
| CET1 ratio | Manage in 14-14.5% target range in the medium term ³ |
| Dividends | Dividend payout ratio of 50% for 2024, excluding material notable items and related impacts |

Financial performance summary

| \$m | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 | Δ 1023, % |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| NII | 8,840 | 8,974 | 8,862 | 7,829 | 8,653 | (2)% |
| Non-NII | 11,385 | 7,436 | 7,017 | 4,915 | 12,099 | 6 % |
| Revenue | 20,225 | 16,410 | 15,879 | 12,744 | 20,752 | 3 % |
| ECL | (428) | (894) | (1,054) | (968) | (720) | (68)% |
| Costs | (7,568) | (7,732) | (7,813) | (8,530) | (8,151) | (8)% |
| Associates | 702 | 834 | 597 | (2,383) | 769 | 10 % |
| Constant currency PBT | 12,931 | 8,618 | 7,609 | 863 | 12,650 | (2)% |
| Memo: notable items | 3,607 | (250) | (316) | (5,837) | 3,682 | 2 % |
| FX translation | (45) | 153 | 105 | 114 | _ | |
| Reported PBT | 12,886 | 8,771 | 7,714 | 977 | 12,650 | (2)% |
| Tax 🕨 | (1,860) | (1,726) | (1,448) | (755) | (1,813) | 3 % |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders > | 10,327 | 6,639 | 5,619 | (153) | 10,183 | (1)% |
| Earnings per share, \$ 🕨 | 0.52 | 0.34 | 0.29 | (0.01) | 0.54 | \$0.02 |
| EPS excl. material notable items and related impacts, $\$ ightarrow$ | 0.36 | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.34 | \$(0.02) |
| Dividend per share, \$1 ▶ | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.31 | 0.31 | \$0.21 |
| RoTE (annualised), % → | 27.4 | 17.1 | 14.6 | (0.4) | 26.1 | (1.3)ppts |
| \$bn | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 | Δ 4023 |
| Customer loans | 963 | 954 | 949 | 928 | 933 | 1 % |
| Customer deposits | 1,603 | 1,584 | 1,582 | 1,594 | 1,570 | (2)% |
| Reported RWAs 🕨 | 854 | 860 | 840 | 854 | 833 | (3)% |
| CET1 ratio, % 🕨 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 0.4ppts |
| TNAV per share, \$ 🕨 | \$8.08 | \$7.84 | \$7.96 | \$8.19 | \$8.67 | 6 % |

Banking NII

NII to Banking NII, \$bn

| Reported FX, \$bn ¹ | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 | Δ 4023 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| NII | 9.0 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 0.4 |
| Less: insurance NII | (0.1) | (0.1) | (0.1) | (0.1) | (0.1) | (0.0) |
| Central costs of funding trading income ² | 1.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 0.2 |
| Banking NII | 10.3* | 11.6* | 11.5 | 10.7* | 11.3 | 0.6 |
| Memo item: Argentina NII | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |

* Banking NII adjustments:

2023 included c.\$0.4bn due to methodology changes, of which c.\$0.2bn related to 1023 and c.\$0.2bn to 2023

4Q23 included: (i) \$(0.5)bn of Argentina hyperinflation impacts; (ii) the reclassification of \$(0.3)bn of cash flow hedge revenue between NII and non-NII, of which \$(0.2)bn related to 9M23. (Argentina NII was \$0.0bn in 4Q23 / \$1.0bn in FY23, including the impact of hyperinflation adjustments of \$(0.5)bn in 4Q23 / \$(0.5)bn in FY23)

AIEAs and Group NIM, \$bn

| Reported FX, \$bn | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 | Δ 4023 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Average interest earning assets | 2,153 | 2,172 | 2,157 | 2,164 | 2,140 | (24) |
| NIM, bps | 169 | 172 | 170 | 152 | 163 | 11 |
| Centrally-funded net trading assets (period end) | 104 | 128 | 130 | 164 | 187 | 23 |

Banking NII is a less volatile, more comprehensive view of the Group's ratesensitive revenues

Background

- The Group deploys surplus liquidity from customer deposits and other banking book liabilities into both interest-earnings assets (IEAs) and net trading assets
- Using banking book liabilities to fund trading assets creates an accounting asymmetry:



- A similar asymmetry is created when banking book liabilities are deployed across currencies using FX swaps (income on the swap is recorded as trading income)
- Whether to deploy into IEAs or trading assets is a commercial decision relating to which assets will deliver the best returns
- As a result, the IEA / trading asset mix can vary, causing revenue to shift from NII to Trading Income, and vice versa



Definitions Banking book liabilities: liabilities measured at amortised cost, the costs of which are recognised in interest expense; Trading assets: includes financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis Trading income: net income from financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis

Banking NII

Banking NII addresses these asymmetries by deducting, from reported NII, the internal cost of funding net trading assets and the cost of funding foreign exchange (FX) swaps in Markets Treasury

| Banking NII, \$bn | 1024 | |
|---|-------|---|
| NII | 8.7 | |
| Insurance NII | (0.1) | - |
| Central costs of funding trading income | 2.7 | |
| Banking NII | 11.3 | - |

Interest rate sensitivity

NII sensitivity understates the sensitivity of the Group's revenues to changes in interest rates, because it does not reflect the impact of interest rate changes on trading assets. Banking NII sensitivity is a more comprehensive metric:

| Rate sensitivity at 31 Dec 2023, \$m* | (100)bps | +100bps |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------|
| NII | (1,571) | 1,053 |
| Banking NII | (3,353) | 2,832 |

* Further details on Banking NII and Banking NII sensitivity are provided on pages 104 and 214 of the FY23 Annual Report and Accounts

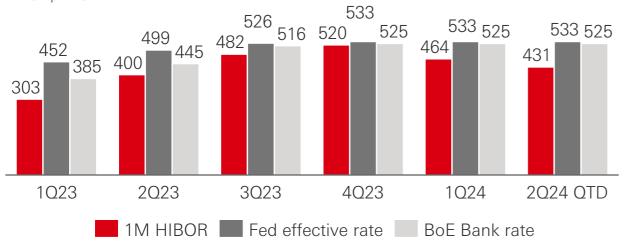
Net interest margin

Quarterly NIM by key legal entity (reported FX basis)

| | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 | % 1Q24 NII | % 1Q24 AIEA |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| Asia* | 1.83% | 1.83% | 1.85% | 1.73% | 1.66% | 44% | 43% |
| HSBC Bank plc | 0.59% | 0.60% | 0.53% | 0.50% | 0.35% | 5% | 22% |
| UK RFB | 2.33% | 2.49% | 2.41% | 2.50% | 2.56% | 29% | 19% |
| US | 1.15% | 1.01% | 0.87% | 0.90% | 0.83% | 4% | 9% |
| Group | 1.69% | 1.72% | 1.70% | 1.52% | 1.63% | n.m | n.m |

Key rates (quarter averages), bps

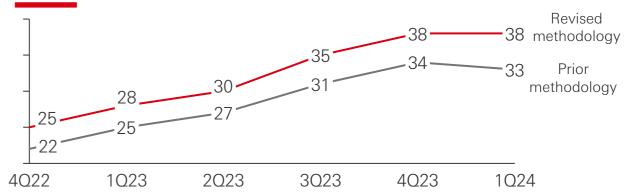
Source: Bloomberg At 26 April 2024



Group NIM, bps (reported FX basis) 152 9 4023 Argentina Base Asia UK RFB HSBC Other 1024 effect of cash flow hedge reclassification

Structural hedge now \$487bn, up c.\$10bn vs. 4Q23

Time deposits (TMD) as a % of Hong Kong customer accounts: first stable quarter since 1Q22



A 3ppts shift from CASA to TMD would result in an incremental annual interest expense of c. $(0.5)bn^1$

Time deposits as a % of Hong Kong customer accounts has been revised due to the reclassification of some deposit portfolios, primarily in the Private Bank

Wholesale Transaction Banking and Wealth – additional information

Total revenue, \$m

| Constant currency basis | 1023 | 1024 | Δ | % |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Wholesale Transaction Banking | 6,637 | 6,681 | 44 | 1% |
| Wealth | 1,956 | 2,192 | 236 | 12% |

Of which: fee and other income, \$m

| Constant currency basis | 1023 | 1024 | Δ | % |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Wholesale Transaction Banking | 2,856 | 2,598 | (258) | (9)% |
| Foreign Exchange ¹ | 1,644 | 1,349 | (295) | (18)% |
| Securities Services | 319 | 311 | (8) | (3)% |
| Global Payments Solutions | 525 | 559 | 34 | 6% |
| Global Trade and Receivables Finance | 368 | 379 | 11 | 3% |
| Wealth | 1,573 | 1,792 | 219 | 14% |
| Investment Distribution | 613 | 700 | 87 | 14% |
| Private Banking | 280 | 375 | 95 | 34% |
| Life Insurance | 373 | 386 | 13 | 3% |
| Asset Management | 307 | 331 | 24 | 8% |

Wholesale Transaction Banking – selected metrics

| | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| GTRF loans ² , \$bn | 80 | 81 | 83 | 83 | 82 |
| olw: Asia | 54 | 56 | 58 | 58 | 57 |
| Assets under custody, \$bn ³ ► | 9,484 | 9,484 | 9,106 | 9,709 | 9,896 |

Wealth – selected metrics >

| | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Invested assets, \$bn | 1,074 | 1,097 | 1,122 | 1,191 | 1,242 |
| Net new invested assets, \$bn | 22 | 12 | 34 | 17 | 27 |
| o/w: Asia | 14 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 19 |
| New Business CSM, \$bn | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| CSM balance, \$bn | 10.2 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 10.8 | 11.9 |

ECL charge by legal entity

| Constant currency, \$m | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 |
|------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|
| Asia (HBAP) | (64) | (391) | (748) | (437) | (271) |
| o/w Hong Kong | (44) | (451) | (660) | (375) | (234) |
| o/w mainland China CRE 🕨 | (62) | (259) | (503) | (195) | (54) |
| UK RFB (HBUK) | (168) | (260) | (58) | (48) | (52) |
| HSBC Bank plc (HBEU) | (20) | (56) | (80) | (59) | (66) |
| USA (HNAH) | (29) | (33) | 15 | (47) | 7 |
| Canada (HBCA) | (1) | (10) | (20) | (16) | (40) |
| Mexico (HBMX) | (141) | (141) | (159) | (284) | (176) |
| HSBC Bank Middle East (HBME) | 7 | (7) | (6) | (84) | (55) |
| Other | (12) | 4 | 2 | 7 | (67) |
| Total | (428) | (894) | (1,054) | (968) | (720) |

1024 results

Appendix

FY24 cost target basis reconciliation

| \$m | FY23 | 1023 | 1024 |
|--|----------|---------|---------|
| Constant currency | (31,643) | (7,568) | (8,151) |
| Less: Notable items | 187 | 61 | 50 |
| Add: Impact of retranslating results of hyperinflationary economies at constant currency | (691) | (130) | _ |
| Less: Canada direct costs | 702 | 173 | 162 |
| Less: France direct costs | 284 | 70 | _ |
| Target basis | (31,161) | (7,394) | (7,939) |

Appendix

Notable items

| Reported FX basis, \$m | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| Revenue | 3,577 | (241) | (268) | (2,733) | 3,732 |
| o/w: Disposals, acquisitions and related costs | 3,562 | (241) | 310 | (2,333) | 3,732 |
| o/w: Fair value movements on financial instruments | 15 | | | (1) | _ |
| o/w: Restructuring and other related costs | | | _ | _ | _ |
| o/w: Disposal losses on Markets Treasury repositioning | | | (578) | (399) | |
| Costs | (61) | (10) | (49) | (65) | (50) |
| o/w: Disposals, acquisitions and related costs | (61) | (57) | (79) | (124) | (63) |
| o/w: Impairment of non-financial items | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| o/w: Restructuring and other related costs | _ | 47 | 30 | 59 | 13 |
| Associates | _ | _ | _ | (3,000) | _ |
| o/w: Impairment of interest in associate | _ | _ | | (3,000) | _ |
| Total | 3,516 | (251) | (317) | (5,798) | 3,682 |
| Memo: Notable items on a constant currency basis | 3,607 | (250) | (316) | (5,837) | 3,682 |

Argentina

| Reported FX basis, \$m | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024* | FY23 |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|-------|-------|
| NII | 242 | 384 | 355 | 13 | 488 | 994 |
| Non-NII | 6 | (76) | (108) | (42) | (291) | (220) |
| Revenue | 248 | 308 | 247 | (29) | 197 | 774 |
| ECL | (23) | (38) | (9) | (37) | (61) | (107) |
| Costs | (139) | (168) | (151) | 31 | (160) | (427) |
| РВТ | 85 | 101 | 87 | (35) | (23) | 240 |

| Constant currency, \$m | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4Q23 | 1024* | FY23 |
|------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| NII | 40 | 44 | (10) | (500) | 488 | (425) |
| Non-NII | 1 | (17) | (19) | 87 | (291) | 52 |
| Revenue | 41 | 27 | (29) | (412) | 197 | (373) |
| ECL | (4) | (5) | 9 | 32 | (61) | 32 |
| Costs | (23) | (14) | 12 | 237 | (160) | 212 |
| РВТ | 14 | 8 | (8) | (143) | (23) | (129) |

- Announced agreement to sell the business on 9 April 2024
- In 1Q24, recognised a pre-tax \$(1.1)bn impairment loss following the classification of the business to held-for-sale
- Expect to close the deal within the next 12 months
- At closing, cumulative foreign currency translation reserves and other reserves will recycle to the income statement. At 31 March 2024, foreign currency translation reserve losses stood at \$4.9bn and other reserve gains at \$0.1bn – these have already been recognised in capital and are expected to have no impact on CET1 or TNAV
- The transaction will be treated as a material notable item and excluded from the dividend payout calculation
- Transaction anticipated to have an insignificant impact on the Group's CET1 ratio by closing: the initial reduction of (0.1)ppts in 1Q24 is expected to be broadly offset by the estimated reduction in RWAs on closing
- At 31 March 2024: total assets \$5.1bn, RWAs \$9bn (of which operational risk RWAs \$1bn), equity \$1.6bn
- Between signing and closing, the loss on sale will vary by changes in the NAV of the disposed business and associated hyperinflation and foreign currency translation, and the fair value of consideration including price adjustments and migration costs

Appendix

EPS excluding material notable items and related impacts

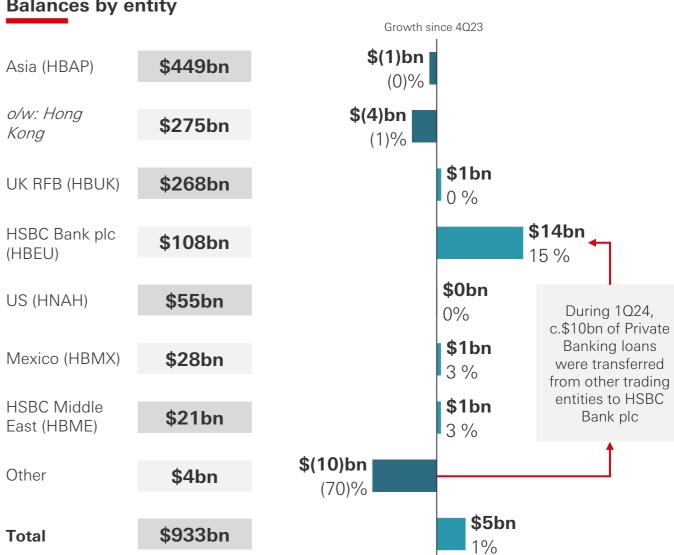
| Reported FX basis, \$m | 1023 | 2023 | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 |
|---|---------|--------|--------|--------|----------|
| PAOS | 10,327 | 6,639 | 5,619 | (153) | 10,183 |
| Gain on acquisition of SVB UK | (1,511) | 4 | (86) | 44 | _ |
| Impact of the sale of our retail banking operations in France (net of tax) | (1,636) | 7 | _ | 1,737 | (52) |
| Impact of the sale of our banking business in Canada | (109) | 55 | (376) | 119 | (4,942)* |
| Impairment of interest in associate (BoCom) | | _ | _ | 3,000 | _ |
| Impairment loss relating to the planned sale of our operations in Argentina | | _ | _ | - | 1,137 |
| PAOS excluding material notable items and related impacts | 7,071 | 6,705 | 5,157 | 4,747 | 6,326 |
| Average basic number of ordinary shares (m) | 19,724 | 19,662 | 19,404 | 19,130 | 18,823 |
| Basic EPS, \$ | 0.52 | 0.34 | 0.29 | (0.01) | 0.54 |
| Basic EPS excluding material notable items and related impacts, \$ | 0.36 | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.34 |

* Represents gain on sale of business in Canada recognised on completion, inclusive of the recycling of losses in foreign currency translation reserves and other reserves, and gain on the foreign exchange hedging of the sale proceeds. It also includes the disposal costs and the related impacts of the disposal (including 1Q24 profits of HSBC Canada)

Appendix

Balance sheet – customer lending

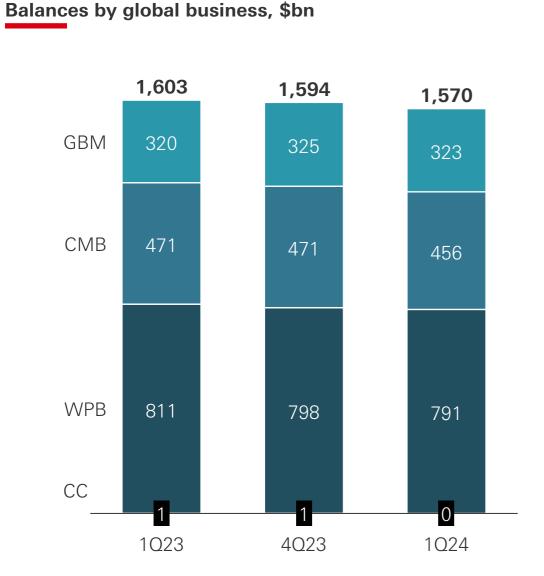
Balances by global business, \$bn

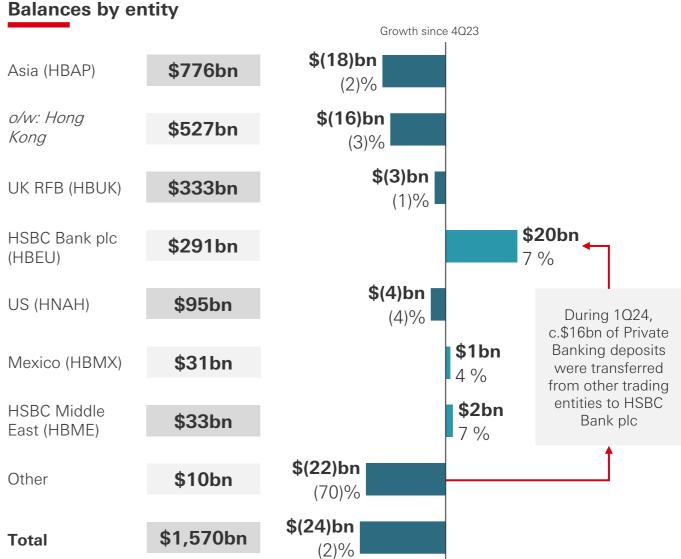


Balances by entity

Appendix

Balance sheet – customer accounts





Balances by entity

1024 results Appendix

\$8.60 on a

fully diluted

basis

1024 vs. 4023 equity drivers

| Reported FX basis | Shareholders' equity, \$bn | Tangible equity, \$bn | - | Basic number of ordinary shares, millions |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------|---|
| At 31 December 2023 | 185.3 | 155.7 | 8.19 | 19,006 |
| Profit attributable to: | 10.6 | 10.7 | 0.56 | _ |
| Ordinary shareholders ¹ | 10.2 | 10.7 | 0.56 | |
| Other equity holders | 0.4 | _ | | |
| Dividends | (0.4) | _ | | _ |
| On ordinary shares | | _ | | |
| On other equity instruments | (0.4) | _ | | |
| FX ¹ | (2.3) | (2.2) | (0.11) | |
| Impacts of hyperinflation | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.03 | |
| Cancellation of shares/buybacks | (2.0) | (2.0) | 0.03 | (311) |
| Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans | 0.1 | 0.1 | | |
| Cash flow hedge reserves | (0.6) | (0.6) | (0.03) | _ |
| Fair value movements through 'Other Comprehensive Income' | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.03) | |
| Of which: changes in fair value arising from changes in own credit risk | (0.5) | (0.5) | (0.03) | |
| Of which: Debt and Equity instruments at fair value through OCI | (0.1) | (0.1) | _ | _ |
| Other ¹ | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.03 | (8) |
| At 31 March 2024 | 191.2 | 162.0 | 8.67 | 18,687 |

- Average basic number of shares outstanding during 1024: 18,823m
- Cancellation of shares/buybacks: reflects the impact of the \$2bn buyback announced at 4Q23 results. (311)m shares reflects shares
 repurchased and cancelled during 1Q24 but does not include the 132m shares which were either: (i) repurchased before 31 March
 but not cancelled or; (ii) shares repurchased after 31 March
- 2Q24 NAV / TNAV / TNAV per share will reflect the payment of dividends declared at both 4Q23 and 1Q24 (DPS: 4Q23 \$0.31 / 1Q24 \$0.31) and the up to \$3bn buyback announced at 1Q24. Estimated impact c.\$14.7bn / c.\$0.79 per share

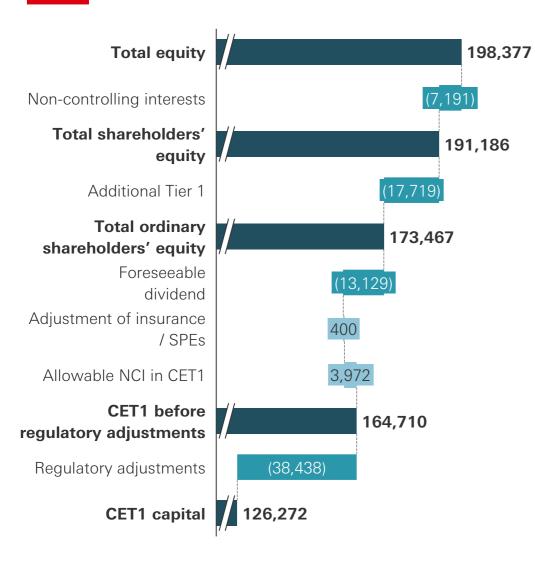
18.838m on a

fully diluted

basis

Total shareholders' equity to CET1 capital

1024 total equity to CET1 capital (reported FX), \$m



Total equity to CET1 capital walk (reported FX), \$m

| | 3023 | 4023 | 1024 |
|--|----------|----------|----------|
| Total equity (per balance sheet) | 189,840 | 192,610 | 198,377 |
| Non-controlling interests | (7,120) | (7,281) | (7,191) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 182,720 | 185,329 | 191,186 |
| Additional Tier 1 | (17,719) | (17,719) | (17,719) |
| Total ordinary shareholders' equity ('NAV') | 165,001 | 167,610 | 173,467 |
| Foreseeable dividend | (5,610) | (5,961) | (13,129) |
| Adjustment for insurance / SPEs | 58 | 302 | 400 |
| Allowable NCI in CET1 | 3,895 | 3,917 | 3,972 |
| CET1 before regulatory adjustments | 163,344 | 165,868 | 164,710 |
| Prudential valuation adjustment | (1,108) | (1,238) | (1,108) |
| Intangible assets | (12,936) | (13,378) | (12,869) |
| Deferred tax asset deduction | (3,986) | (4,308) | (4,060) |
| Cash flow hedge adjustment | 3,733 | 992 | 1,577 |
| Excess of expected loss | (2,130) | (2,304) | (2,646) |
| Own credit spread and debt valuation adjustment | 268 | 891 | 1,410 |
| Defined benefit pension fund assets | (5,305) | (5,773) | (5,797) |
| Direct and indirect holdings of CET1 instruments | (40) | (40) | (40) |
| Other regulatory adjustments to CET1 capital | (818) | 100 | (21) |
| Threshold deductions | (16,194) | (14,309) | (14,884) |
| Regulatory adjustments | (38,516) | (39,367) | (38,438) |
| CET1 capital | 124,828 | 126,501 | 126,272 |

Wealth and Personal Banking

| \$m | 1023 | 4023 | 1024 | vs. 1023 | | vs. | 4023 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-------|-------|------------|
| Wealth | 1,956 | 1,691 | 2,192 | 236 | 12% | 501 | 30% |
| Personal Banking | 4,986 | 4,971 | 4,868 | (118) | (2)% | (103 |) (2)% |
| Other | 2,071 | (2,409) | 104 | (1,967) | (95)% | 2,513 | 3 >100% |
| of which: notable items | 2,044 | (2,188) | 53 | (1,991) | (97)% | 2,241 | >100% |
| Revenue | 9,013 | 4,253 | 7,164 | (1,849) | (21)% | 2,911 | 68% |
| ECL | (243) | (289) | (301) | (58) | (24)% | (12) |) (4)% |
| Costs | (3,463) | (3,803) | (3,695) | (232) | (7)% | 108 | 3 3% |
| РВТ | 5,324 | 180 | 3,181 | (2,143) | (40)% | 3,001 | >100% |
| Customer lending, \$bn | 458 | 450 | 444 | (14) | (3)% | (7) |) (1)% |
| Customer accounts, \$bn | 811 | 798 | 791 | (20) | (3)% | (7 |) (1)% |
| RWAs, \$bn 🕨 | 181 | 193 | 182 | 1 | 0% | (11) |) (6)% |
| HFS customer lending, \$bn | 27 | 43 | 1 | (26) | (97)% | (43) |) (98)% |
| HFS customer accounts, \$bn | 34 | 56 | 2 | (32) | (95)% | (54 |) (97)% |
| Invested assets, \$bn 🕨 | 1,074 | 1,191 | 1,242 | 168 | 16% | 51 | 4% |
| Wealth balances, \$bn 🕨 | 1,600 | 1,727 | 1,767 | 166 | 10% | 40 |) 2% |
| | 1023 | | | | | | vs. 1023 |
| RoTE, % → 50.2 ¹ | | | | | | 29.4 | (20.8)ppts |

Revenue 1024 vs. 1023

Total revenue down \$(1.8)bn / (21)% due to \$2.0bn notable items in 1Q23 (France impairment reversal)

Wealth up \$0.2bn (12%) with growth in all products. Key areas: (i) \$0.1bn non-NII growth in Private Banking (strong performance in Asia); (ii) Investment Distribution +\$0.1bn. Good performance in Asset Management and Life Insurance

Personal Banking down \$(0.1)bn due to the sale of our France retail operations and margin compression, partly offset by balance sheet growth across a number of entities

Balances 1024 vs. 1023

Customer lending down \$(14)bn, mainly \$(26)bn from the sale of France retail and the divestment of our business in Oman, partly offset by:

- Mortgages: UK +\$6bn (4%); Asia +\$3bn (2%), US +\$2bn (11%); Mexico +\$1bn (14%)
- Unsecured lending: HK +\$1bn (8%); UK +\$1bn (8%); Mexico +\$1bn (17%). Growth in other markets including Singapore and Taiwan

Customer accounts down \$(20)bn mainly: \$(22)bn from the sale of our France retail operations and \$(9)bn outflows in UK due to cost of living pressures and the competitive environment. This was partly offset by growth in Asia ex. HK +\$12bn (3%) notably in Singapore (16%), mainland China (24%), Australia (13%) and Taiwan (27%)

Invested assets +16%: NNIA of \$89bn; favourable market level, FX and other movements of \$79bn

Balances 1024 vs. 4023

Customer lending down \$(7)bn, mainly the transfer of the remaining France mortgage portfolio to Corporate Centre (\$(8)bn), partly offset by UK mortgages up \$1bn

Customer accounts down \$(7)bn, mainly time deposit outflows in HK, with a portion of these flowing into Wealth products

Invested assets +4%: NNIA of \$27bn; favourable market level, FX and other movements of \$24bn

Commercial Banking

| \$m | 1023 | 4023 | 1024 | vs. 1 | Q23 | vs. 4 | 1023 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| Global Payments Solutions | 2,885 | 3,171 | 3,077 | 192 | 7% | (94) | (3)% |
| Credit & Lending | 1,352 | 1,248 | 1,382 | 30 | 2% | 134 | 11% |
| Global Trade and Receivables Finance | 499 | 477 | 497 | (2) | (0)% | 20 | 4% |
| Markets products, Insurance and Investments and Other | 1,973 | 199 | 576 | (1,397) | (71)% | 377 | >100% |
| of which: notable items | 1,577 | (128) | | (1,577) | (100%) | 128 | 100% |
| Revenue | 6,709 | 5,095 | 5,532 | (1,177) | (18)% | 437 | 9% |
| ECL | (149) | (665) | (380) | (231) | >(100)% | 285 | 43% |
| Costs* | (1,677) | (1,976) | (1,872) | (195)* | (12)% | 104 | 5% |
| PBT | 4,883 | 2,454 | 3,280 | (1,603) | (33)% | 826 | 34% |
| Customer lending, \$bn | 322 | 306 | 309 | (14) | (4)% | 3 | 1% |
| Customer accounts, \$bn | 471 | 471 | 456 | (14) | (3)% | (14) | (3)% |
| RWAs, \$bn ▶ | 353 | 355 | 338 | (15) | (4)% | (17) | (5)% |
| | | | | 102 | 3 1 | 024 v | s. 1023 |
| RoTE, % 🕨 | | | | 36.1 | 1 | 21.8 (1 | 4.3)ppts |

* Costs up 12% reflecting IVB costs, performance related pay accruals and Argentina currency devaluation, offset by strategic cost saves ‡ Held for sale (HFS) transfers primarily relate to Argentina and Armenia

Revenue 1024 vs. 1023

- Revenue down \$(1.2)bn / (18)%, due to the non-repeat of the gain on acquisition of SVB UK in 1023 of \$1.6bn. This more than offset the growth of \$0.4bn due to HSBC Innovation Banking ('IVB') revenue, the higher rates environment and fee growth
- GPS up \$192m (7%) due to higher interest rates and fees supported by business growth initiatives and repricing actions, and IVB revenue
- C&L up \$30m (2%) reflecting IVB revenue, partly offset by lower margins and balances given lower market-wide demand in Hong Kong, repayment of Covid-19 government scheme lending in the UK and reduced commercial real estate exposures in mainland China and the US
- **GTRF** broadly stable due to improved margins, offset by the impacts of the softer trade cycle in Asia
- Other products includes the 1Q23 \$1.6bn gain on acquisition of SVB UK. This more than offset \$0.2bn of growth due to higher Markets Treasury revenue and interest on own capital, partly offset by the impacts of hyperinflationary accounting

Balance sheet

- Customer lending up \$3bn vs. 4Q23 driven by a \$4bn increase in key markets including Europe, South and Southeast Asia, China and Mexico, partly offset by transfers to HFS[‡] of \$1bn. Vs. 1Q23 down \$(14)bn / (4)% due to weaker market-wide loan demand in Hong Kong, repayment of Covid-19 government scheme lending in the UK and reduced Commercial Real Estate exposures in mainland China and the US
- Customer accounts down \$(14)bn / (3)% vs. 4Q23, mainly due to seasonality and transfers to HFS of \$2bn. Down \$(14)bn / (3)% vs. 1Q23 due to a market wide tightening of liquidity, notably in the UK and Asia, partly offset by the impact of deposit campaigns

Global Banking and Markets

| \$m | 1023 | 4023 | 1024 | vs. 1 | 023 | vs. 4 | 4023 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|------------|
| Securities Services | 558 | 565 | 564 | 6 | 1% | (1) | (0)% |
| Global Debt Markets | 354 | 77 | 324 | (30) | (8)% | 247 | >100% |
| Global FX | 1,201 | 963 | 971 | (230) | (19)% | 8 | 1% |
| Equities | 144 | 149 | 257 | 113 | 78% | 108 | 72% |
| Securities Financing | 261 | 304 | 367 | 106 | 41% | 63 | 21% |
| XVAs | 0 | 4 | (29) | (29) | nm | (33) | >(100)% |
| Markets and Securities Services | 2,518 | 2,062 | 2,454 | (64) | (3)% | 392 | 19% |
| GTRF | 177 | 163 | 176 | (1) | (1)% | 13 | 8% |
| GPS | 1,073 | 1,157 | 1,162 | 89 | 8% | 5 | 0% |
| Credit & Lending | 499 | 479 | 453 | (46) | (9)% | (26) | (5)% |
| Investment Banking* | 310 | 223 | 279 | (31) | (10)% | 56 | 25% |
| Other | 68 | 88 | 121 | 53 | 78% | 33 | 38% |
| Banking | 2,127 | 2,110 | 2,191 | 64 | 3% | 81 | 4% |
| GBM Other | (243) | (506) | (190) | 53 | 22% | 316 | 62% |
| of which: notable items | _ | (135) | _ | _ | _ | 135 | 100% |
| Revenue | 4,402 | 3,666 | 4,455 | 53 | 1% | 789 | 22% |
| ECL | (31) | (16) | (33) | (2) | (6)% | (17) | >(100)% |
| Costs | (2,381) | (2,695) | (2,397) | (16) | (1)% | 298 | 11% |
| PBT | 1,990 | 955 | 2,025 | 35 | 2% | 1,070 | >100% |
| Customer lending, \$bn | 183 | 172 | 173 | (10) | (5)% | 1 | 1% |
| Customer accounts, \$bn | 320 | 325 | 323 | 2 | 1% | (3) | (1)% |
| RWAs, \$bn 🕨 | 225 | 218 | 223 | (2) | (1)% | 4 | 2% |
| Assets under custody, \$tn1 🕨 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 0.4 | 4% | 0.2 | 2% |
| Gross Investment Banking revenue, \$bn | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | (0.1) | (7)% | 0.1 | 46% |
| | | | | 10 | 23 10 | 024 v | rs. 1023 |
| RoTE, % 🕨 | | | | 15 | i.5 | 15.1 | (0.4)pts |

Commentary 1024 vs. 1023

Revenue of \$4.5bn, up 1%

MSS revenue \$2.5bn, down \$(0.1)bn / (3)%:

- Global Debt Markets down as muted secondary client activity through the quarter offset strong primary activity in January
- A decline in Global FX compared to a very strong prior year as reduced volatility led to lower client volumes
- Equities up as client flows increased due to improved market sentiment
- Continued new client onboarding and strong demand in repos and prime finance drove strongly increased performance in Securities Financing
- Banking revenue \$2.2bn, up \$0.1bn / 3%:
- GPS up from higher rates and continued repricing of services
- Investment Banking* down as 1Q23 benefitted from a small number of large transactions
- Weak client demand led to lower Credit & Lending revenue

Commentary 1024 vs. 4023

MSS revenue up 19%:

- Stronger primary issuance drove better client activity in Global Debt Markets
- Equities and Securities Financing also benefitted from stronger client activity due to improved sentiment

Banking revenue up 4%:

 Investment Banking up due to improved activity in Debt Capital Markets and Leveraged Finance

GBM Other benefitted from lower hyperinflationary adjustments and non-recurrence of 4Q23 Treasury disposal losses

Corporate Centre

| \$m | 1023 | 4023 | 1024 | vs. 1023 | vs. 4023 |
|--|------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| Central Treasury | 101 | 1 | 9 | (92) | 8 |
| Legacy Credit | (2) | 6 | 10 | 12 | 4 |
| Other | 2 | (277) | 3,582 | 3,580 | 3,859 |
| of which: gain on disposal of our banking business in Canada and associated hedges | (57) | (245) | 4,789 | 4,846 | 5,034 |
| of which: impairment on planned sale of operations in Argentina | _ | _ | (1,137) | (1,137) | (1,137) |
| Revenue | 101 | (270) | 3,601 | 3,500 | 3,871 |
| ECL | (5) | 2 | (6) | (1) | (8) |
| Costs | (47) | (56) | (187) | (140) | (131) |
| Associates | 685 | (2,402) | 756 | 71 | 3,158 |
| of which: BoCom | 619 | (2,551) | 600 | (19) | 3,151 |
| of which: Saudi Awwal Bank | 110 | 148 | 145 | 35 | (3) |
| PBT | 734 | (2,726) | 4,164 | 3,430 | 6,890 |
| Memo: revenue notable items | 48 | (305) | 3,679 | 3,631 | 3,984 |
| Memo: associate notable items | _ | (3,017) | _ | | 3,017 |
| RWAs, \$bn 🕨 | 95 | 88 | 90 | (5) | 2 |
| Markets treasury revenue allocated to Global Businesses, \$m* | 214 | (142) | 484 | 270 | 626 |
| | | | 1023 | 1024 | vs. 1023 |
| RoTE, % 🕨 | | | 11.1 | 36.6 | 25.5ppts |

1024 vs. 1023 commentary

Revenue up \$3.5bn, primarily reflecting:

- \$4.8bn gain in 1Q24 on the sale of our banking business in Canada, inclusive of fair value gains on the hedging of the sale proceeds; partly offset by:
- An impairment of \$(1.1)bn related to the planned disposal of our business in Argentina following the classification to HFS in 1Q24;
- Adverse fair value movements on financial instruments in Central Treasury and structural hedges;
- The non-recurrence of a 1Q23 favourable impact following the reversal of an impairment related to the sale of our France retail banking business, and an impairment related to the planned disposal of our operations in Armenia

RWAs down \$(5)bn, primarily reflecting impact of the disposal of our banking business in Canada, partly offset by the RWAs relating to the retained France retail portfolio which was transferred to Corporate Centre

Reconciliations

Reported revenue to revenue excluding notable items

| \$m | 1023 | 1024 |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Reported revenue | 20,171 | 20,752 |
| Currency translation | 54 | _ |
| Constant currency revenue | 20,225 | 20,752 |
| Revenue notable items | (3,669) | (3,732) |
| Revenue, excluding notable items | 16,556 | 17,020 |

Reported PBT to PBT excluding notable items

| \$m | 1023 | 1024 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Reported profit before tax | 12,886 | 12,650 |
| Currency translation | 45 | _ |
| Constant currency profit before tax | 12,931 | 12,650 |
| Revenue notable items | (3,669) | (3,732) |
| Cost notable items | 62 | 50 |
| Profit before tax, excluding notable items | 9,324 | 8,968 |

Glossary

| AIEA | Average interest earning assets | GBM | Global Banking and Markets, a global business |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Banking net interest income is an alternative performance measure, and is defined as | GPS | Global Payments Solutions |
| | Group net interest income after deducting: (1) the internal cost to fund trading and | Group | HSBC Holdings plc and its subsidiary undertakings |
| | fair value net assets for which associated revenue is reported in 'Net income from | GTRF | Global Trade and Receivables Finance |
| | financial instruments held for trading or managed on a fair value basis', also referred to as 'trading and fair value income'. These funding costs reflect proxy overnight or | HFS | Held-for-sale |
| Banking NII | term interest rates as applied by internal funds transfer pricing; (2) the funding cost of | IFRS | International Financial Reporting Standard |
| | breign exchange swaps in Markets Treasury, where an offsetting income or loss is | Innovation | HSBC Innovation Banking, which includes HSBC Innovation Bank Limited in the UK |
| | recorded in trading and fair value income. These instruments are used to manage | Banking / IVB | and related international operations |
| | foreign currency deployment and funding in our entities; (3) third-party net interest income in our insurance business | Markets Treasury | Execution arm of HSBC's Treasury function, responsible for cash and liquidity management, funding, and management of structural interest rate risk of the Group |
| BoCom | Bank of Communications Co. Limited, an associate of HSBC | MSS | Markets and Securities Services |
| Bps | Basis points. One basis point is equal to one-hundredth of a percentage point | NB CSM | New business contractual service margin |
| CASA | Current accounts and savings accounts | NII | Net interest income |
| Central costs of | Associated with funding net income from financial instruments held for trading or | NIM | Net interest margin |
| funding trading | managed on a fair value basis which results in an interest expense to Group NII | NNIA | Net new invested assets |
| | which is fully offset by non-NII reported in Corporate Centre | PAOS | Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders |
| CET1 | Common Equity Tier 1 | PBT | Profit before tax |
| CMB Corporate Centre | Commercial Banking, a global business Corporate Centre comprises Central Treasury, our legacy businesses, interests in our | Ppt | Percentage points |
| (CC) | associates and joint ventures and central stewardship costs | PRP | Performance related pay |
| CRE | Commercial Real Estate | RoTE | Return on average tangible equity |
| 0.12 | Contractual Service Margin, a component of the carrying amount of a group of | RWA | Risk-weighted asset |
| CSM | insurance contract assets or liabilities which represents the unearned profit which the | SVB UK | Silicon Valley Bank UK Limited, now HSBC Innovation Bank Limited |
| 03101 | Group will recognise as it provides insurance contract services under the insurance | TMD | Time deposit |
| | contracts in the Group | TNAV | Tangible net asset value |
| DCM | Debt capital markets | | HSBC UK, the UK ring-fenced bank, established July 2018 as part of ring fenced bank |
| DPS | Dividend per share | UK RFB / RFB | legislation |
| ECL | Expected credit losses. In the income statement, ECL is recorded as a change in expected credit losses and other credit impairment charges. In the balance sheet, ECL is recorded as an allowance for financial instruments to which only the impairment requirements in IFRS 9 are applied | Wholesale Transaction Banking / Wholesale TB | Comprises the following products in our CMB and GBM businesses: Global Trade and Receivables Finance, Global Payments Solutions, Global Foreign Exchange and Securities Services |
| ECM | Equity capital markets | WPB | Wealth and Personal Banking, a global business |
| EPS | Earnings per share | XVAs | Credit and Funding Valuation Adjustments |

Footnotes

Slide 2: Summary

- 1. 1024 RoTE annualised
- 2 Cost growth is on a target basis which excludes the direct cost impact of our disposals in France and Canada from the 2023 baseline. It is measured on a constant currency basis and excludes notable items and the impact of retranslating the prior year results of hyperinflationary economies at constant currency, which we consider to be outside of our control. This reflects 3. For our financial targets, in the medium term is defined as 3-4 years from 1 January 2024 and the long term is defined as 5-6 our current business plan for 2024

Slide 3: Financial performance

- 1. Cost growth on a target basis excludes the direct cost impact of our disposals in France and Canada from the 2023 baseline. It is measured on a constant currency basis and excludes notable items and the impact of retranslating the prior year results of hyperinflationary economies at constant currency, which we consider to be outside of our control. This reflects our current business plan for 2024
- 2. Declared in respect of period. Includes \$0.21 special dividend per share in 1024
- 3. 1Q24 RoTE annualised
- Inclusive of a \$0.3bn gain on the foreign exchange hedging of the sale proceeds, the recycling of \$0.6bn in foreign currency 4. translation reserve losses and \$0.4bn of other reserves recycling losses

Slide 5: Banking NII

- 1. Based on our current forecasts, reflecting market-implied interest rates as of mid-February and our current modelling of a number of market dependent factors, including customer activity and behaviour levels
- 2. Banking NII of \$11.6bn included \$0.4bn due to methodology changes which related broadly equally to 1023 and 2023

Slide 6: Fee and other income: Wholesale Transaction Banking and Wealth

1. Includes (i) GFX in GBM management view of income; (ii) GFX from cross sale of FX products to CMB clients, included within 'CMB Markets products, Insurance and Investments and Other'. GFX includes our emerging markets business

Slide 7: Credit performance

1. Including held-for-sale balances

Slide 8: Costs

1. Refer to footnote 1 relating to slide 3

Slide 10: Capital and distributions

- 1. Excludes the impact of strategic transactions (Canada and Argentina) which are shown separately
- 2. Includes AT1 coupons paid
- 3. Includes the impact of the sale of our retail banking operations in France and regulatory deductions

Slide 11: Outlook

- 1. Refer to footnote 1 relating to slide 5
- 2. Includes balance in held for sale
- Reflecting our current business plan for 2024. See slides 8 and 20 for reconciliation 3.

Slide 13: Guidance summary

- 1. Our guidance reflects our current forecasts, reflecting market-implied interest rates as of mid-February and our current modelling of a number of market dependent factors, including customer activity and behaviour levels
- 2. Includes balances in held-for-sale
- years from 1 January 2024
- 4. Near term is defined as approximately 6 months

Slide 14: Financial performance summary

1. 1024 includes \$0.21 special dividend per share

Slide 15: Banking NII

- 1. On a constant currency basis: 1023 \$10.1bn, 2023 \$11.2bn, 3023 \$11.0bn, 4023 \$10.1bn
- 2. Funding is used to fund assets that generate trading and fair value income, primarily relating to GBM

Slide 17: Net interest margin

1. Based on HK deposit balance of \$527bn and the c.3.5ppts difference between the average rates paid on time deposits and CASA as at 29 March 2024. Actual NII impact of migration will depend on rates paid and market conditions

Slide 18: Wholesale Transaction Banking and Wealth

- 1. Includes (i) GFX in GBM management view of income; (ii) GFX from cross sale of FX products to CMB clients, included within 'CMB Markets products, Insurance and Investments and Other'. GFX includes our emerging markets business
- 2. Loans to customers and banks, not including balances in held-for-sale
- 3. Relates to: (i) Securities Services; (ii) Issuer Services (included in Investment Banking)

Slide 26: 1024 vs. 4023 equity drivers

1. Differences between shareholders' equity and tangible equity drivers primarily reflect goodwill and other intangible impairment and amortisation expense within 'Profit Attributable to Ordinary shareholders', FX on goodwill and intangibles within 'FX', and intangible additions and other movements within 'Other'

Slide 28: Wealth and Personal Banking

1. RoTE (annualised) in 1023 included a 21.3 percentage point favourable impact from the reversal of the impairment losses relating to the planned sale of our retail banking operations in France

Slide 29: Commercial Banking

1. RoTE (annualised) in 1023 included a 13.3 percentage point favourable impact of the provisional gain on the acquisition of Silicon Valley Bank UK Limited

Slide 30: Global Banking and Markets

1. Relates to: (i) Securities Services; (ii) Issuer Services (included in Investment Banking)

1024 results

Appendix

Disclaimer

Important notice

The information, statements and opinions set out in this presentation and accompanying discussion (this "Presentation") are for informational and reference purposes only and do not constitute a public offer for the purposes of any applicable law or an offer to sell or solicitation of any offer to purchase any securities or other financial instruments or any advice or recommendation in respect of such securities or other financial instruments.

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Forward-looking statements

This Presentation may contain projections, estimates, forecasts, targets, commitments, ambitions, opinions, prospects, results, returns and forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations, capital position, ESG related matters, strategy and business of the Group which can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "may", "will", "should", "expect", "anticipate", "periort", "plan", "estimate", "seek", "intend", "target", "believes, "potential" and "reasonably possible" or the negatives thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology (together, "forward-looking statements", including the strategic priorities and any financial, investment and capital targets and any ESG targets, commitments and ambitions described herein. Any such forward-looking statements are not a reliable indicator of future performance, as they may involve significant stated or implied assumptions and subjective judgements which may or may on tprove to be correct. There can be no assurance that any of the matters set out in forward-looking statements are attainable, will actually occur or will be realised or are complete or accurate. The assumptions and judgments may prove to be incorrect and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other important factors, many of which are outside the control of the Group. Actual achievements, results, performance or other future events or conditions, regulatory changes, increased volatility in interest rates and inflation levels and other factors (including without limitation those which are referable to general market or economic conditions, regulatory changes in applicable methodologies in relation to ESG related matters). Any such forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations and opinions of the Group at the data limitations and changes in applicable methodologies in relation to ESG related matters). Any such forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations or opinio

Additional detailed information concerning important factors, including but not limited to ESG related factors, that could cause actual results to differ materially from this Presentation is available in our Annual Report and Accounts for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2023 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on Form 20-F on 22 February 2024 (the "2023 Form 20-F") and in our 10 2024 Earnings Release, which we expect to furnish with the SEC on Form 6-K on 30 April 2024 (the "10 2024 Earnings Release").

Alternative Performance Measures

This Presentation contains non-IFRS measures used by management internally that constitute alternative performance measures under European Securities and Markets Authority guidance and non-GAAP financial measures defined in and presented in accordance with SEC rules and regulations ("Alternative Performance Measures"). The primary Alternative Performance Measures we use are presented on a "constant currency" basis which is computed by adjusting comparative period reported results for the effects of foreign currency translation differences, which distort period-on-period comparisons.

Reconciliations between Alternative Performance Measures and the most directly comparable measures under IFRS are provided in our 2023 Form 20-F and 1Q 2024 Earnings Release, when furnished with the SEC, each of which is available at www.hsbc.com.

Information in this Presentation was prepared as at 30 April 2024.

